#### INTERNATIONAL LABOUR OFFICE GENEVA

### REPORT FORM

FOR THE

# RURAL WORKERS' ORGANISATIONS CONVENTION, 1975 (No. 141)

The present report form is for the use of countries which have ratified the Convention. It has been approved by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office, in accordance with article 22 of the ILO Constitution, which reads as follows: "Each of the Members agrees to make an annual report to the International Labour Office on the measures which it has taken to give effect to the provisions of the Conventions to which it is a party. These reports shall be made in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Governing Body may request."

The Government may deem it useful to consult the appended text of the Rural Workers' Organisations Recommendation, 1975 (No. 149), the provisions of which supplement the present Convention and can contribute to a better understanding of its requirements and facilitate its application.

The subject-matter of the Convention may go beyond the immediate competence of the ministry responsible for labour matters, so that the preparation of a full report on the Convention may require consultation with the other ministries or government agencies concerned, such as those responsible for agriculture.

#### PRACTICAL GUIDANCE FOR DRAWING UP REPORTS

#### First reports

If this is your Government's first report following the entry into force of the Convention in your country, full information should be given on each of the provisions of the Convention and on each of the questions set out in the report form.

#### Subsequent reports

In subsequent reports, information need normally be given only:

- (a) on any new legislative or other measures affecting the application of the Convention;
- (b) in reply to the questions in the report form on the practical application of the Convention (for example, statistics, results of inspections, judicial or administrative decisions) and on the communication of copies of the report to the representative organizations of employers and workers and on any observations received from these organizations;
- (c) in reply to comments by the supervisory bodies: the report must contain replies to any comments regarding the application of the Convention in your country which have been made by the Committee of Experts on the Application of Conventions and Recommendations or by the Conference Committee on the Application of Standards.

#### Article 22 of the Constitution of the ILO

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(ratification registered on \_\_\_\_\_)

I. Please give a list of the constitutional provisions, legislative texts and administrative regulations as well as the principal policy statements, etc., which apply the standards contained in the Convention. Where this has not already been done, please forward copies of the various provisions, policy statements, etc., to the International Labour Office with this report.

In so far as there exist other measures or methods which are relevant to the implementation of the Convention, please indicate their nature and contents.

Please give any available information concerning the extent to which the provisions cited have been enacted or modified or any other measures taken to permit, or as a result of, ratification.

II. Please indicate in detail for each of the following Articles of the Convention the provisions of the abovementioned laws or regulations, etc., or other measures under which the Article is applied.

If in your country ratification of the Convention gives the force of national law to its terms, please indicate by virtue of what constitutional provisions the ratification has this effect. Please also specify what action has been taken to make effective those provisions of the Convention which require a national authority to take certain specific steps for its implementation.

If the Committee of Experts or the Conference Committee on the Application of Standards has requested additional information or has made an observation on the measures adopted to apply the Convention, please supply the information asked for or indicate the action taken by your Government to settle the points in question.

#### Article 1

This Convention applies to all types of organisations of rural workers, including organisations not restricted to but representative of rural workers.

#### Article 2

- 1. For the purposes of this Convention, the term "rural workers" means any person engaged in agriculture, handicrafts or a related occupation in a rural area, whether as a wage earner or, subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article, as a self-employed person such as a tenant, sharecropper or small owner-occupier.
- 2. This Convention applies only to those tenants, sharecroppers or small owner-occupiers who derive their main income from agriculture, who work the land themselves, with the help only of their family or with the help of occasional outside labour and who do not:
- (a) permanently employ workers; or
- (b) employ a substantial number of seasonal workers; or
- (c) have any land cultivated by sharecroppers or tenants.

Please indicate the categories of rural workers existing in your country and specify the legislative provisions or regulations governing the establishment of organizations by each of these categories.

Please indicate what types of organizations exist for the various categories of rural workers mentioned in answer to the preceding question, including organizations which, although not restricted to rural workers, represent them.

#### Article 3

- 1. All categories of rural workers, whether they are wage earners or self-employed, shall have the right to establish and, subject only to the rules of the organisation concerned, to join organisations, of their own choosing without previous authorisation.
- 2. The principles of freedom of association shall be fully respected; rural workers' organisations shall be independent and voluntary in character and shall remain free from all interference, coercion or repression.
- 3. The acquisition of legal personality by organisations of rural workers shall not be made subject to conditions of such a character as to restrict the application of the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article.
- 4. In exercising the rights provided for in this Article rural workers and their respective organisations, like other persons or organised collectivities, shall respect the law of the land.
- 5. The law of the land shall not be such as to impair, nor shall it be so applied as to impair, the guarantees provided for in this Article.
- Paragraph 1 Please state what substantive or formal conditions, if any, must be fulfilled by organizations of rural workers (whether wage earners or self-employed) when they are being established.
- Paragraph 2 Please state the provisions, if any, which govern the functioning, suspension and dissolution of these organizations and the objects which they may legally pursue. Please indicate also the provisions which govern the right of these organizations to group themselves in federations or confederations.

Please specify whether guarantees exist for these organizations against acts of interference or coercion and for their members in respect of their affiliation to or activities within these organizations.

Paragraph 3 – Please indicate any conditions to which the acquisition of legal personality is subject and state, in particular, whether the acquisition of legal personality is optional or compulsory for rural workers' organizations.

Paragraphs 4 and 5 – Please supply information on measures of a general nature which may apply to rural workers' organizations, as, for example, general legislation concerning associations, meetings and the press, laws on national security or a state of siege, penal legislation, etc.

#### Article 4

It shall be an objective of national policy concerning rural development to facilitate the establishment and growth, on a voluntary basis, of strong and independent organisations of rural workers as an effective means of ensuring the participation of rural workers, without discrimination as defined in the Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958, in economic and social development and in the benefits resulting therefrom.

Please provide information on the principal organizations of rural workers (whether wage earners or self-employed) established in your country, including indications of the approximate number of their members.

Please describe the various activities undertaken by these organizations to enable such workers to participate in economic and social development and in the benefits resulting therefrom.

Please state whether there are any distinctions, exclusions or preferences in relation to the role accorded to existing rural workers' organizations in economic and social development.

#### Article 5

- 1. In order to enable organisations of rural workers to play their role in economic and social development, each Member which ratifies this Convention shall adopt and carry out a policy of active encouragement to these organisations, particularly with a view to eliminating obstacles to their establishment, their growth and the pursuit of their lawful activities, as well as such legislative and administrative discrimination against rural workers' organisations and their members as may exist.
- 2. Each Member which ratifies this Convention shall ensure that national laws or regulations do not, given the special circumstances of the rural sector, inhibit the establishment and growth of rural workers' organisations.

Please indicate the forms in which a policy to encourage rural workers' organizations has been adopted and the occasions on which this policy was established.

Please state the measures adopted to carry out this policy and the results obtained.

Please supply information on the obstacles, of any kind, encountered by these organizations in their establishment and growth, and in the pursuit of their lawful activities, and on the measures taken or contemplated to eliminate such difficulties.

#### Article 6

Steps shall be taken to promote the widest possible understanding of the need to further the development of rural workers' organisations and of the contribution they can make to improving employment opportunities and general conditions of work and life in rural areas as well as to increasing the national income and achieving a better distribution thereof.

Please indicate the methods used or contemplated to promote understanding of the need to further the development of rural workers' organizations and of the contribution they can make in the various areas mentioned in this Article, and the results obtained.

- III. Please indicate the authority or authorities responsible for carrying out measures aimed at encouraging the establishment and growth of rural workers' organizations.
- IV. Please state whether courts of law or other tribunals have rendered decisions involving questions of principle relating to the application of the Convention. If so, please supply the text of these decisions.
- V. If your country has received any assistance or advice through technical cooperation for which the ILO was the executing agency, please indicate the measures taken as a result, as well as any factors which may have prevented or delayed the adoption or implementation of such measures.
- VI. Please supply any other available information on the manner in which the Convention is applied in your country, forwarding, for example, extracts of reports, studies and inquiries, and statistical data on the role of rural workers' organizations and on measures to encourage their growth (in particular, measures relating to education and training).
- VII. Please indicate the representative organizations of employers and workers to which copies of the present report have been communicated in accordance with article 23, paragraph 2, of the Constitution of the International Labour Organization. If copies of the report have not been communicated to representative organizations of employers and/or workers, or if they have been communicated to bodies other than such organizations, please supply information on any particular circumstances existing in your country which explain the procedure followed.

Please indicate whether you have received from the organizations of employers or workers concerned any observations, either of a general kind or in connection with the present or the previous report, regarding the practical application of the provisions of the Convention or the application of the legislation or other measures implementing the Convention. If so, please communicate a summary of the observations received, together with any comments that you consider useful.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Article 23, paragraph 2, of the Constitution reads as follows: "Each Member shall communicate to the representative organisations recognised for the purpose of article 3 copies of the information and reports communicated to the Director-General in pursuance of articles 19 and 22."

#### **APPENDIX**

#### RURAL WORKERS' ORGANISATIONS RECOMMENDATION, 1975 (No. 149)

The General Conference of the International Labour Organisation,

- Having been convened at Geneva by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office, and having met in its Sixtieth Session on 4 June 1975, and
- Recognising that the importance of rural workers in the world makes it urgent to associate them with economic and social development action if their conditions of work and life are to be permanently and effectively improved, and
- Noting that in many countries of the world and particularly in developing countries there is massive under-utilisation of land and labour and that this makes it imperative for rural workers to be given every encouragement to develop free and viable organisations capable of protecting and furthering the interests of their members and ensuring their effective contribution to economic and social development, and
- Considering that such organisations can and should contribute to the alleviation of the persistent scarcity of food products in various regions of the world, and
- Recognising that land reform is in many developing countries an essential factor in the improvement of the conditions of work and life of rural workers and that organisations of such workers should accordingly co-operate and participate actively in the implementation of such reform, and
- Recalling the terms of existing international labour Conventions and Recommendations in particular the Right of Association (Agriculture) Convention, 1921, the Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise Convention, 1948, and the Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 which affirm the right of all workers, including rural workers, to establish free and independent organisations, and the provisions of numerous international labour Conventions and Recommendations applicable to rural workers which call for the participation, inter alia, of workers' organisations in their implementation, and
- Noting the joint concern of the United Nations and the specialised agencies, in particular the International Labour Organisation and the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations, with land reform and rural development, and
- Noting that the following standards have been framed in co-operation with the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations and that, with a view to avoiding duplication, there will be continuing co-operation with that Organisation and with the United Nations in promoting and securing the application of these standards, and
- Having decided upon the adoption of certain proposals with regard to organisations of rural workers and their role in economic and social development, which is the fourth item on the agenda of the session, and
- Having determined that these proposals shall take the form of a Recommendation,

adopts this twenty-third day of June of the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-five the following Recommendation, which may be cited as the Rural Workers' Organisations Recommendation, 1975:

#### I. General Provisions

- 1. (1) This Recommendation applies to all types of organisations of rural workers, including organisations not restricted to but representative of rural workers.
- (2) The Co-operatives (Developing Countries) Recommendation, 1966, further remains applicable to the organisations of rural workers falling within its scope.
- 2. (1) For the purposes of this Recommendation, the term "rural workers" means any person engaged in agriculture, handicrafts or a related occupation in a rural area, whether as a wage earner or, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, as a self-employed person such as a tenant, sharecropper or small owner-occupier.
- (2) This Recommendation applies only to those tenants, sharecroppers or small owner-occupiers who derive their main income from agriculture, who work the land themselves, with the help only of their family or with the help of occasional outside labour and who do not:
- (a) permanently employ workers; or
- (b) employ a substantial number of seasonal workers;
- (c) have any land cultivated by sharecroppers or tenants.
- 3. All categories of rural workers, whether they are wage earners or self-employed, should have the right to establish and, subject only to the rules of the organisation concerned, to join organisations of their own choosing without previous authorisation.

#### II. ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS OF RURAL WORKERS

- 4. It should be an objective of national policy concerning rural development to facilitate the establishment and growth, on a voluntary basis, of strong and independent organisations of rural workers as an effective means of ensuring the participation of rural workers, without discrimination as defined in the Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958, in economic and social development and in the benefits resulting therefrom.
- 5. Such organisations should, as appropriate, be able to:
- (a) represent, further and defend the interests of rural workers, for instance by undertaking negotiations and consultations at all levels on behalf of such workers collectively;
- (b) represent rural workers in connection with the formulation, implementation and evaluation of programmes of rural development and at all stages and levels of national planning;
- (c) involve the various categories of rural workers, according to the interests of each, actively and from the outset in the implementation of:
  - (i) programmes of agricultural development, including the improvement of techniques of production, storing, processing, transport and marketing;

- (ii) programmes of agrarian reform, land settlement and land development;
- (iii) programmes concerning public works, rural industries and rural crafts;
- (iv) rural development programmes, including those implemented with the collaboration of the United Nations, the International Labour Organisation and other specialised agencies;
- (v) the information and education programmes and other activities referred to in Paragraph 15 of this Recommendation:
- (d) promote and obtain access of rural workers to services such as credit, supply, marketing and transport as well as to technological services;
- (e) play an active part in the improvement of general and vocational education and training in rural areas as well as in training for community development, training for co-operative and other activities of rural workers' organisations and training for the management thereof;
- (f) contribute to the improvement of the conditions of work and life of rural workers, including occupational safety and health;
- (g) promote the extension of social security and basic social services in such fields as housing, health and recreation.

## III. MEANS OF ENCOURAGING THE GROWTH OF ORGANISATIONS OF RURAL WORKERS

- 6. In order to enable organisations of rural workers to play their role in economic and social development, member States should adopt and carry out a policy of active encouragement to these organisations, particularly with a view to:
- (a) eliminating obstacles to their establishment, their growth and the pursuit of their lawful activities, as well as such legislative and administrative discrimination against rural workers' organisations and their members as may exist;
- (b) extending to rural workers' organisations and their members such facilities for vocational education and training as are available to other workers' organisations and their members; and
- (c) enabling rural workers' organisations to pursue a policy to ensure that social and economic protection and benefits corresponding to those made available to industrial workers or, as appropriate, workers engaged in other non-industrial occupations are also extended to their members.
- 7. (1) The principles of freedom of association should be fully respected; rural workers' organisations should be independent and voluntary in character and should remain free from all interference, coercion or repression.
- (2) The acquisition of legal personality by organisations of rural workers should not be made subject to conditions of such a character as to restrict the application of the provisions of Paragraph 3 and subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph.
- (3) In exercising the rights which they enjoy in pursuance of Paragraph 3 and of this Paragraph rural workers and their respective organisations, like other persons or organised collectivities, should respect the law of the land.
- (4) The law of the land should not be such as to impair, nor should it be so applied as to impair, the guarantees provided for in Paragraph 3 and in this Paragraph.

- A. Legislative and Administrative Measures
- 8. (1) Member States should ensure that national laws or regulations do not, given the special circumstances of the rural sector, inhibit the establishment and growth of rural workers' organisations.
  - (2) In particular:
- (a) the principles of right of association and of collective bargaining, in conformity especially with the Right of Association (Agriculture) Convention, 1921, the Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise Convention, 1948, and the Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949, should be made fully effective by the application to the rural sector of general laws or regulations on the subject, or by the adoption of special laws or regulations, full account being taken of the needs of all categories of rural workers;
- (b) relevant laws and regulations should be fully adapted to the special needs of rural areas; for instance:
  - (i) requirements regarding minimum membership, minimum levels of education and minimum funds should not be permitted to impede the development of organisations in rural areas where the population is scattered, ill educated and poor;
  - (ii) problems which may arise concerning the access of organisations of rural workers to their members should be dealt with in a manner respecting the rights of all concerned and in accordance with the terms of the Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise Convention, 1948, and the Workers' Representatives Convention, 1971;
  - (iii) there should be effective protection of the rural workers concerned against dismissal and against eviction which are based on their status or activities as leaders or members of rural workers' organisations.
- 9. There should be adequate machinery, whether in the form of labour inspection or of special services, or in some other form, to ensure the effective implementation of laws and regulations concerning rural workers' organisations and their membership.
- 10. (1) Where rural workers find it difficult, under existing conditions, to take the initiative in establishing and operating their own organisations, existing organisations should be encouraged to give them, at their request, appropriate guidance and assistance corresponding to their interests.
- (2) Where necessary, such assistance could on request be supplemented by advisory services staffed by persons qualified to give legal and technical advice and to run educational courses.
- 11. Appropriate measures should be taken to ensure that there is effective consultation and dialogue with rural workers' organisations on all matters relating to conditions of work and life in rural areas.
- 12. (1) In connection with the formulation and, as appropriate, the application of economic and social plans and programmes and any other general measures concerning the economic, social or cultural development of rural areas, rural workers' organisations should be associated with planning procedures and institutions, such as statutory boards and committees, development agencies and economic and social councils.
- (2) In particular, appropriate measures should be taken to make possible the effective participation of such organisations in the formulation, implementation and evaluation of agrarian reform programmes.

13. Member States should encourage the establishment of procedures and institutions which foster contacts between rural workers' organisations, employers and their organisations and the competent authorities.

#### B. Public Information

- 14. Steps should be taken, particularly by the competent authority, to promote:
- (a) the understanding of those directly concerned, such as central, local and other authorities, rural employers and landlords, of the contribution which can be made by rural workers' organisations to the increase and better distribution of national income, to the increase of productive and remunerative employment opportunities in the rural sector, to the raising of the general level of education and training of the various categories of rural workers and to the improvement of the general conditions of work and life in rural areas;
- (b) the understanding of the general public, including, in particular, that in the non-rural sectors of the economy, of the importance of maintaining a proper balance between the development of rural and urban areas, and of the desirability, as a contribution towards ensuring that balance, of furthering the development of rural workers' organisations.

#### 15. These steps might include:

- (a) mass information and education campaigns, especially with a view to giving rural workers full and practical information on their rights, so that they may exercise them as necessary;
- (b) radio, television and cinema programmes, and periodic articles in the local and national press, describing the conditions of life and work in rural areas and explaining the aims of rural workers' organisations and the results obtained by their activities;
- (c) the organisation, locally, of seminars and meetings with the participation of representatives of the various categories of rural workers, of employers and landlords, of other sectors of the population and of local authorities;
- (d) the organisation of visits to rural areas of journalists, representatives of employers and workers in industry or commerce, students of universities and schools accompanied by their teachers, and other representatives of the various sectors of the population;
- (e) the preparation of suitable curricula for the various types and levels of schools appropriately reflecting the problems of agricultural production and the life of rural workers.

#### C. Education and Training

- 16. In order to ensure a sound growth of rural workers' organisations and the rapid assumption of their full role in economic and social development, steps should be taken, by the competent authority among others, to:
- (a) impart to the leaders and members of rural workers' organisations knowledge of:
  - (i) national laws and regulations and international standards on questions of direct concern to the activity of the organisations, in particular the right of association;

- (ii) the basic principles of the establishment and operation of organisations of rural workers;
- (iii) questions regarding rural development as part of the economic and social development of the country, including agricultural and handicraft production, storing, processing, transport, marketing and trade;
- (iv) principles and techniques of national planning at different levels;
- (v) training manuals and programmes which are published or established by the United Nations, the International Labour Organisation or other specialised agencies and which are designed for the education and training of rural workers;
- (b) improve and foster the education of rural workers in general, technical, economic and social fields, so as to make them better able both to develop their organisations and understand their rights and to participate actively in rural development; particular attention should be paid to the training of wholly or partly illiterate workers through literacy programmes linked with the practical expansion of their activities;
- (c) promote programmes directed to the role which women can and should play in the rural community, integrated in general programmes of education and training to which women and men should have equal opportunities of access;
- (d) provide training designed particularly for educators of rural workers, to enable them, for example, to help in the development of co-operative and other appropriate forms of servicing activities which would enable organisations to respond directly to membership needs while fostering their independence through economic self-reliance;
- (e) give support to programmes for the promotion of rural youth in general.
- 17. (1) As an effective means of providing the training and education referred to in Paragraph 16, programmes of workers' education or adult education, specially adapted to national and local conditions and to the social, economic and cultural needs of the various categories of rural workers, including the special needs of women and young persons, should be formulated and applied.
- (2) In view of their special knowledge and experience in these fields, trade union movements and existing organisations which represent rural workers might be closely associated with the formulation and carrying out of such programmes.

#### D. Financial and Material Assistance

- 18. (1) Where, particularly in the initial stages of development, rural workers' organisations consider that they need financial or material assistance, for instance to help them in carrying out programmes of education and training, and where they seek and obtain such assistance, they should receive it in a manner which fully respects their independence and interests and those of their members. Such assistance should be supplementary to the initiative and efforts of rural workers in financing their own organisations.
- (2) The foregoing principles apply in all cases of financial and material assistance, including those in which it is the policy of a member State to render such assistance itself.